F36	0.0853 (8)	0.4159 (4)	0.5900 (2)	0.120 (6)
N11	0.5954 (7)	0.4787 (3)	0.7401 (2)	0.0272 (16
N12	0.6023 (7)	0.3304 (3)	0.7427 (2)	0.0247 (15
N13	0.5998 (7)	0.4074 (3)	0.8401 (2)	0.0254 (15
N14	0.2764 (7)	0.4047 (3)	0.7738 (2)	0.0274 (16
N21	0.2115 (7)	0.2599 (3)	0.4306 (2)	0.0262 (15
N22	-0.1078 (7)	0.2576 (3)	0.3612 (2)	0.0249 (15
N23	-0.1203(7)	0.3269 (3)	0.4636 (2)	0.0256 (16
N24	-0.1054 (7)	0.1811 (3)	0.4606 (2)	0.0231 (15
N31	0.0353 (7)	0.4987 (3)	1.0890 (2)	0.0322 (17
N32	0.0941 (6)	0.4183 (3)	0.9891 (2)	0.0263 (15)
N33	0.0265 (7)	0.3475 (3)	1.0937 (2)	0.0353 (17
N34	-0.2503 (7)	0.4213 (3)	1.0457 (2)	0.0281 (16)
C11	0.6631 (9)	0.5155 (4)	0.7206 (3)	0.0290 (20)
C12	0.7538 (10)	0.5630 (4)	0.6957 (3)	0.0428 (25)
C13	0.6771 (8)	0.2958 (3)	0.7251 (3)	0.0220 (18)
C14	0.7784 (9)	0.2496 (4)	0.7007 (3)	0.0322 (20)
C15	0.6681 (8)	0.4099 (4)	0.8745 (3)	0.0211 (17)
C16	0.7599 (8)	0.4130 (4)	0.9192 (3)	0.0316 (21)
C17	0.1437 (8)	0.4053 (4)	0.7762 (3)	0.0227 (18)
C18	-0.0287 (9)	0.4047 (4)	0.7825 (3)	0.0335 (20)
C21	0.3424 (8)	0.2595 (3)	0.4311 (3)	0.0231 (18)
C22	0.5136 (9)	0.2576 (3)	0.4312 (2)	0.0291 (18)
C23	-0.1697 (8)	0.2588 (4)	0.3252 (3)	0.0230 (17)
C24	-0.2475 (9)	0.2605 (4)	0.2773 (3)	0.0405 (23)
C25	-0.1855 (8)	0.3668 (4)	0.4804 (3)	0.0242 (18)
C26	-0.2686 (9)	0.4192 (4)	0.5010 (3)	0.0343 (22)
C27	-0.1599 (8)	0.1413 (3)	0.4794 (3)	0.0211 (18)
C28	-0.2334 (9)	0.0901 (4)	0.5068 (3)	0.0364 (22)
C31	0.0442 (8)	0.5406 (4)	1.1130 (3)	0.0301 (20)
C32	0.0554 (9)	0.5972 (4)	1.1427 (3)	0.0372 (22)
C33	0.1478 (8)	0.4148 (3)	0.9520 (3)	0.0239 (18)
C34	0.2148 (9)	0.4106 (4)	0.9032 (3)	0.0328 (21)
C35	0.0260 (9)	0.3055 (3)	1.1170 (3)	0.0267 (18)
C36	0.0310 (9)	0.2510 (4)	1.1470 (3)	0.0369 (21)
C37	-0.3771(9)	0.4240 (4)	1.0491 (3)	0.0310 (21)
C38	-0.5554 (9)	0.4282 (4)	1.0533 (3)	0.0321 (20)
N41 <i>S</i>	0.0115 (8)	0.4833 (3)	0.4332 (2)	0.0423 (18)
N42S	0.0609 (8)	0.3543 (3)	0.2408 (3)	0.0425 (20)
N43S	0.4704 (9)	0.3241 (3)	0.9621 (3)	0.0489 (20)
C41S	0.0102 (9)	0.4585 (4)	0.3977 (3)	0.0334 (19)
C42S	0.0136 (10)	0.4264 (4)	0.3509 (3)	0.0413 (21)
C43S	0.1529 (9)	0.3849 (4)	0.2249 (3)	0.0359 (22)
C44S	0.2782 (11)	0.4258 (5)	0.2047 (4)	0.0548 (28)
C45S	0.4032 (9)	0.2863 (4)	0.9804 (3)	0.0370 (22)
C46S	0.3225 (11)	0.2345 (5)	1.0051 (4)	0.0588 (29)
				/

## Table 2. Selected geometric parameters (Å, °)

2.019 (6)	Cu2-N23	2.006 (6)
2.018 (6)	Cu2-N24	2.019 (6)
2.004 (6)	Cu3-N31	2.004 (7)
1.968 (6)	Cu3—N32	1.994 (6)
1.997 (6)	Cu3—N33	2.017 (7)
1.999 (6)	Cu3—N34	2.030 (6)
106.9 (3)	N22Cu2-N23	107.0 (3)
104.6 (3)	N22-Cu2-N24	106.7 (3)
112.3 (3)	N23-Cu2-N24	105.0 (2)
104.6 (3)	N31-Cu3-N32	112.3 (3)
114.0 (3)	N31-Cu3-N33	110.9 (3)
113.7 (3)	N31-Cu3-N34	105.3 (3)
113.5 (2)	N32-Cu3-N33	112.7 (3)
112.4 (2)	N32-Cu3-N34	112.2 (3)
111.6 (2)	N33-Cu3-N34	102.7 (3)
	2.019 (6) 2.018 (6) 2.004 (6) 1.968 (6) 1.997 (6) 106.9 (3) 104.6 (3) 112.3 (3) 104.6 (3) 114.0 (3) 113.7 (3) 113.5 (2) 112.4 (2) 111.6 (2)	2.019 (6)         Cu2—N23           2.018 (6)         Cu2—N24           2.004 (6)         Cu3—N31           1.968 (6)         Cu3—N32           1.997 (6)         Cu3—N33           1.999 (6)         Cu3—N34           106.9 (3)         N22—Cu2—N23           104.6 (3)         N22—Cu2—N24           112.3 (3)         N23—Cu3—N32           114.0 (3)         N31—Cu3—N33           113.5 (2)         N32—Cu3—N34           112.4 (2)         N32—Cu3—N34           111.6 (2)         N33—Cu3—N34

The Cu-atom positions were located by direct methods (Sheldrick, 1985) and the remaining non-H atoms were found by repeated structure-factor and electron density calculations (Sheldrick, 1976).

Data collection: Enraf-Nonius software. Cell refinement: Enraf-Nonius software. Data reduction: Enraf-Nonius software. Program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS86* (Sheldrick, 1985). Program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELX76* (Sheldrick, 1976). Molecular graphics: *ORTEPII* (Johnson, 1976), *PLUTO* (Motherwell & Clegg, 1978).

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Lists of structure factors, anisotropic displacement parameters and complete geometry have been deposited with the IUCr (Reference: HU1132). Copies may be obtained through The Managing Editor, International Union of Crystallography, 5 Abbey Square, Chester CH1 2HU, England.

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# $\mu$ -Aqua-bis( $\mu$ -trichloroacetato-O:O')bis[(3cyanopyridine)(trichloroacetato)copper(II)] Dichloroform Solvate

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(Received 4 October 1993; accepted 24 May 1994)

## Abstract

The crystal structure of the title compound,  $[Cu_2(C_2Cl_3O_2)_4(C_6H_4N_2)_2(H_2O)].2CHCl_3$ , was determined by single-crystal X-ray diffraction. Two Cu

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atoms, separated by a distance of 3.567 (2) Å, are bridged by a water molecule and two trichloroacetate ions to form a local binuclear unit. The binuclear units are linked by 3-cyanopyridine molecules to form a two-dimensional network. The coordination geometry around Cu is tetragonally elongated octahedral. The spin-exchange interaction between the Cu atoms in the local binuclear unit is weakly antiferromagnetic.

## Comment

Magneto-structural correlations of dimeric copper-(II) trichloroacetates have been investigated (Uekusa *et al.*, 1992). The title compound, (I), was obtained unexpectedly along with the usual cage-structure complex,  $[Cu(Cl_3CCOO)_2(3-CN-py)]_2$ , during synthesis using 3-cyanopyridine (3-CN-py) as a ligand.



The binuclear copper(II) unit is linked by 3cyanopyridine molecules to form a two-dimensional network (Fig. 1). The tris-bridged binuclear unit is similar to that of  $Os_2(\mu-O)(\mu-CH_3COO)_2Cl_4(PPh_3)_2$ (Armstrong, Robinson & Walton, 1981). The bridging water molecule, O(13), lies on a crystallographic twofold axis and forms hydrogen bonds with the terminal O(15) and  $O(15^{i})$  atoms of the monodentate trichloroacetate ions (Fig. 2). The coordination geometry around the copper(II) atom is tetragonally elongated octahedral and the magnetic orbital may consist predominantly of the  $d_{x^2-y^2}$  orbital in the square plane formed by Cu, N(1), O(12), O(13) and O(14). Since the two square planes in the binuclear unit are approximately perpendicular to each other, the spin-exchange interaction seems to occur mainly through the Cu-O(13)-Cu bridge. The cryomagnetic data were fitted to the modified Bleaney-Bowers equation (1), taking into account the interactions between the binuclear units:

$$\chi_{A} = [Ng^{2}\beta^{2}/3k(T-\Theta)][1 + \frac{1}{3}\exp(-2J/kT)]^{-1} + N\alpha$$
(1)

where  $\Theta$  is the Curie temperature (Inoue, Kishita & Kubo, 1967). A least-squares refinement gave the following parameters:  $-2J = 39 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (H =

 $-2JS_1.S_2$ ), g = 2.10,  $\Theta = -12.5$  K. This indicates that the spin-exchange interaction in and between the binuclear unit is weakly antiferromagnetic. In contrast, the  $\mu$ -hydroxo-bis( $\mu$ -formato)-bridged binuclear copper(II) complex [Cu<sub>2</sub>(OH)(HCOO)<sub>2</sub>(bpy)<sub>2</sub>]-BF<sub>4</sub> (where bpy = 2,2'-bipyridine) shows a ferromagnetic interaction with -2J = -99 cm<sup>-1</sup>. In this complex, the coordination geometry at one of the Cu atoms is distorted trigonal bipyramidal and that at the other Cu is disorted square pyramidal with a Cu...Cu distance of 3.171 (1) Å (Tokii, Nagamatsu, Hamada & Nakashima, 1992).



Fig. 1. The two-dimensional network parallel to the *ab* plane. The Cl and H atoms are omitted for clarity.



Fig. 2. ORTEP drawing (Johnson, 1965) of the local binuclear unit with the numbering scheme. The displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. Symmetry codes: (i)  $1 - x, y, \frac{1}{2} - z$ ; (ii)  $\frac{3}{2} - x, \frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} - z$ ; (iii)  $-\frac{1}{2} + x, -\frac{1}{2} + y, z$ .

## Experimental

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{ll} [Cu_2(C_2Cl_3O_2)_4(C_6H_4N_2)_2- & \text{Mo } K\alpha \text{ radiation} \\ (H_2O)].2CHCl_3 & \lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å} \end{array}$ 

Cell parameters from 32

 $0.45 \times 0.40 \times 0.25$  mm

2710 observed reflections

 $[|F_o| > 3\sigma(|F_o|)]$ 

5 standard reflections

reflections intensity decay: 19%

monitored every 100

reflections  $\theta = 10-14^{\circ}$  $\mu = 2.07 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

T = 298 K

Pale green

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.017$  $\theta_{\rm max} = 27.5^{\circ}$ 

 $h = 0 \rightarrow 22$ 

 $k = 0 \rightarrow 17$ 

 $l = -27 \rightarrow 27$ 

Tabular

$M_r = 1241.56$
Monoclinic
C2/c
<i>a</i> = 17.171 (2) Å
<i>b</i> = 13.309 (2) Å
<i>c</i> = 21.372 (3) Å
$\beta = 112.45 (1)^{\circ}$
$V = 4514 (4) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 4
$D_x = 1.83 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
D

## Data collection

Rigaku AFC-5 four-circle diffractometer  $\theta$ -2 $\theta$  scans Absorption correction: by integration from crystal shape  $T_{\min} = 0.480, T_{\max} =$ 0.652 5356 measured reflections 5167 independent reflections

### Refinement

Refinement on F	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.11$ (for non-H
R = 0.077	atoms)
wR = 0.066	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 1.66 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
S = 4.74	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -1.22 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
2710 reflections	Extinction correction: none
273 parameters	Atomic scattering factors
All H-atom parameters	from International Tables
refined	for X-ray Crystallography
$w = 1/\sigma^2(F)$	(1974, Vol. IV)

## Table 1. Fractional atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)

## $U_{\text{eq}} = (1/3) \sum_i \sum_j U_{ij} a_i^* a_i^* \mathbf{a}_i . \mathbf{a}_j.$

	x	у	Z	$U_{eq}$
Cu	0.61231 (7)	0.29982 (9)	0.28748 (6)	0.0352 (4)
O(11)	0.4487 (4)	0.1888 (6)	0.1664 (3)	0.059 (3)
O(12)	0.5867 (4)	0.2266 (5)	0.2034 (3)	0.041 (3)
O(13)	1/2	0.3771 (7)	1/4	0.036 (4)
O(14)	0.6480 (4)	0.3775 (5)	0.3703 (3)	0.051 (3)
O(15)	0.5389 (4)	0.4735 (6)	0.3615 (4)	0.067 (4)
N(1)	0.7295 (4)	0.2395 (6)	0.3213 (3)	0.032 (3)
Cl(1)	0.4356 (2)	0.0827 (3)	0.0465 (2)	0.088 (2)
Cl(2)	0.6045 (3)	0.0410 (3)	0.1330 (2)	0.133 (2)
Cl(3)	0.5641 (3)	0.2236 (3)	0.0587 (2)	0.137 (2)
Cl(4)	0.7162 (2)	0.3818 (3)	0.5179 (2)	0.093 (2)
Cl(5)	0.6003 (2)	0.5411 (3)	0.5000 (2)	0.118 (2)
Cl(6)	0.7390 (2)	0.5607 (3)	0.4555 (2)	0.109 (2)
C(1)	0.5178 (6)	0.1892 (8)	0.1641 (4)	0.039 (4)
C(2)	0.5291 (6)	0.1345 (8)	0.1028 (5)	0.053 (5)
C(3)	0.6096 (7)	0.4385 (8)	0.3912 (5)	0.044 (5)
C(4)	0.6617 (6)	0.4788 (8)	0.4644 (5)	0.054 (5)
C(11)	0.7421 (6)	0.1491 (7)	0.2984 (5)	0.034 (4)
C(12)	0.8214 (6)	0.1099 (7)	0.3154 (5)	0.039 (4)
C(13)	0.8919 (8)	0.1602 (9)	0.3587 (6)	0.059 (6)
C(14)	0.8789 (7)	0.254 (1)	0.3800 (6)	0.059 (5)
C(15)	0.7969 (6)	0.2895 (9)	0.3609 (5)	0.044 (5)
C(16)	0.8308 (6)	0.0131 (9)	0.2871 (5)	0.054 (5)
N(2)	0.8369 (6)	-0.0594 (8)	0.2621 (5)	0.077 (5)
C(20)	0.877 (3)	0.347 (4)	0.184 (2)	0.39 (2)
Cl(7)	0.9025 (5)	0.3063 (7)	0.1114 (4)	0.285 (7)
Cl(8)	0.7828 (5)	0.3053 (7)	0.1677 (4)	0.274 (6)

Cl(9)†	0.9258 (8)	0.199 (1)	0.1991 (6)	0.210 (9)
Cl(10)‡	0.914(1)	0.442 (2)	0.221 (1)	0.133 (7)
Cl(11)‡	0.880 (1)	0.449 (2)	0.169(1)	0.130 (6)

#### † Occupancy 0.5. ‡ Occupancy 0.25.

## Table 2. Selected geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cu—O(12)	1.942 (6)	O(12)—C(1)	1.26(1)
Cu—O(13)	2.059 (5)	O(14)—C(3)	1.23 (1)
Cu—O(14)	1.937 (6)	O(15)—C(3)	1.23(1)
Cu—N(1)	2.027 (7)	N(1)—C(11)	1.35(1)
Cu—O(11 <sup>i</sup> )	2.245 (8)	N(1)-C(15)	1.32(1)
Cu—N(2 <sup>ii</sup> )	2.469 (11)	O(13)—H(13)	0.84 (11)
O(11)—C(1)	1.21 (1)		
O(12)—Cu—O(13)	92.5 (2)	$N(1)$ — $Cu$ — $N(2^{ii})$	89.3 (3)
O(12)—Cu—O(14)	174.2 (3)	O(11 <sup>i</sup> )—Cu—N(2 <sup>ii</sup> )	171.1 (3)
O(12)—Cu—N(1)	88.5 (3)	C(1)—O(11)—Cu <sup>i</sup>	130.2 (6)
O(12)—Cu—O(11 <sup>1</sup> )	95.6 (3)	Cu—O(12)—C(1)	129.6(7)
O(12)—Cu—N(2 <sup>ii</sup> )	88.6 (3)	Cu—O(13)—Cu <sup>i</sup>	120.0 (5)
O(13)—Cu—O(14)	90.7 (2)	Cu—O(14)—C(3)	131.0 (6)
O(13)—Cu—N(1)	172.6 (3)	Cu—N(1)—C(11)	119.9 (5)
O(13)—Cu—O(11 <sup>1</sup> )	88.6 (2)	CuN(1)C(15)	122.4 (7)
O(13)—Cu—N(2 <sup>ii</sup> )	83.4 (3)	Cu—N(2 <sup>ii</sup> )—C(16 <sup>ii</sup> )	164.8 (10)
O(14)—Cu—N(1)	87.8 (3)	Cu-O(13)-H(13)	97 (8)
$O(14) - Cu - O(11^{i})$	89.3 (3)	Cu—O(13)—H(13 <sup>i</sup> )	112 (9)
O(14)—Cu—N(2 <sup>ii</sup> )	87.0 (3)	H(13)—O(13)—H(13 <sup>i</sup> )	121 (11)
N(1)—Cu—O(11 <sup>1</sup> )	98.6 (3)		
$Cu \cdot \cdot \cdot Cu^i$	3.567 (2)		
O(15)· · ·H(13)	1.73 (11)	O(15)···H(13)—O(13)	169 (14)
O(13)· · ·O(15)	2.561 (9)		
Summer and			1 _

Symmetry codes: (i)  $1 - x, y, \frac{1}{2} - z$ ; (ii)  $\frac{3}{2} - x, \frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} - z$ .

Rotational disorder is observed in the crystal solvent, CHCl<sub>3</sub>. One of the Cl atoms was tentatively assumed to take three possible positions with site occupation factors of 50, 25 and 25%. The relatively large R value may be caused by the disorder. Decay of the crystal during the X-ray data collection was corrected based on the variation of standards (19%). Structure analysis was carried out on a FACOM M-780/10 computer using the UNICSIII program system (Sakurai & Kobayashi, 1979). The magnetic susceptibilities over the temperature range of 80-300 K were determined by the Faraday method.

Lists of structure factors, anisotropic displacement parameters, Hatom coordinates and complete geometry have been deposited with the IUCr (Reference: HU1083). Copies may be obtained through The Managing Editor, International Union of Crystallography, 5 Abbey Square, Chester CH1 2HU, England.

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